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## THE LEAGUE OF AMERICAN BICYCLISTS



#### **BICYCLE FRIENDLY AMERICA**

» Over 2,000 participants in Business, University, and Community programs

**SMART CYCLING** 

ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION LEADERSHIP INSTITUTE

NATIONAL BIKE SUMMIT

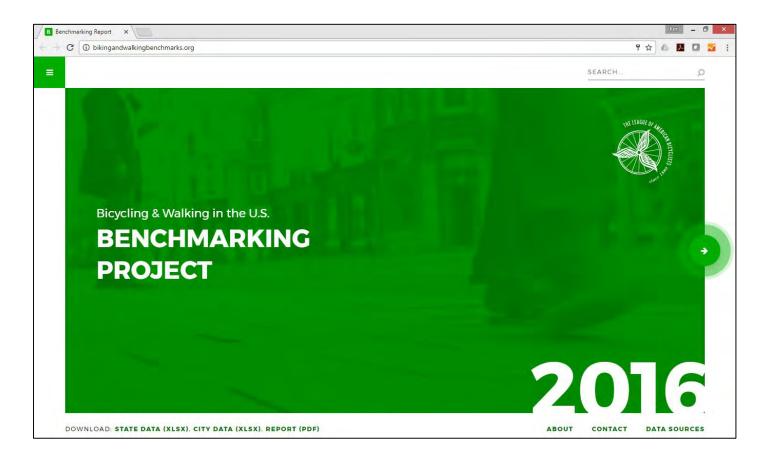


## HISTORY OF THE BENCHMARKING REPORT





## BENCHMARKING REPORT WEBSITE



Bikingandwalkingbenchmarks.org



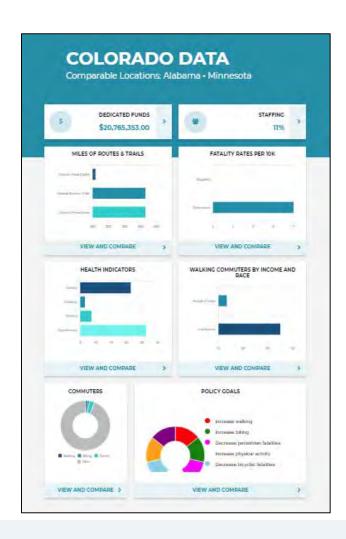
## KEY USES OF THE BENCHMARKING REPORT WEBSITE

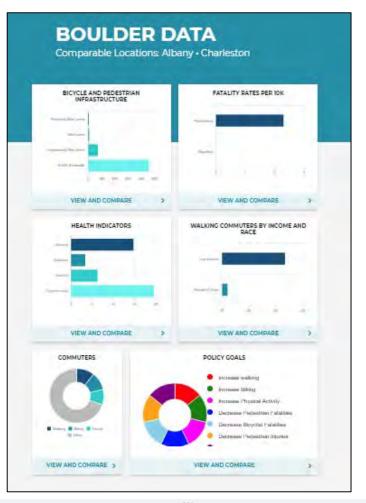
### **INTERACTIVE CHARTS**

- » 53 Charts
- » Custom Reports

### **COMPARING STATES**

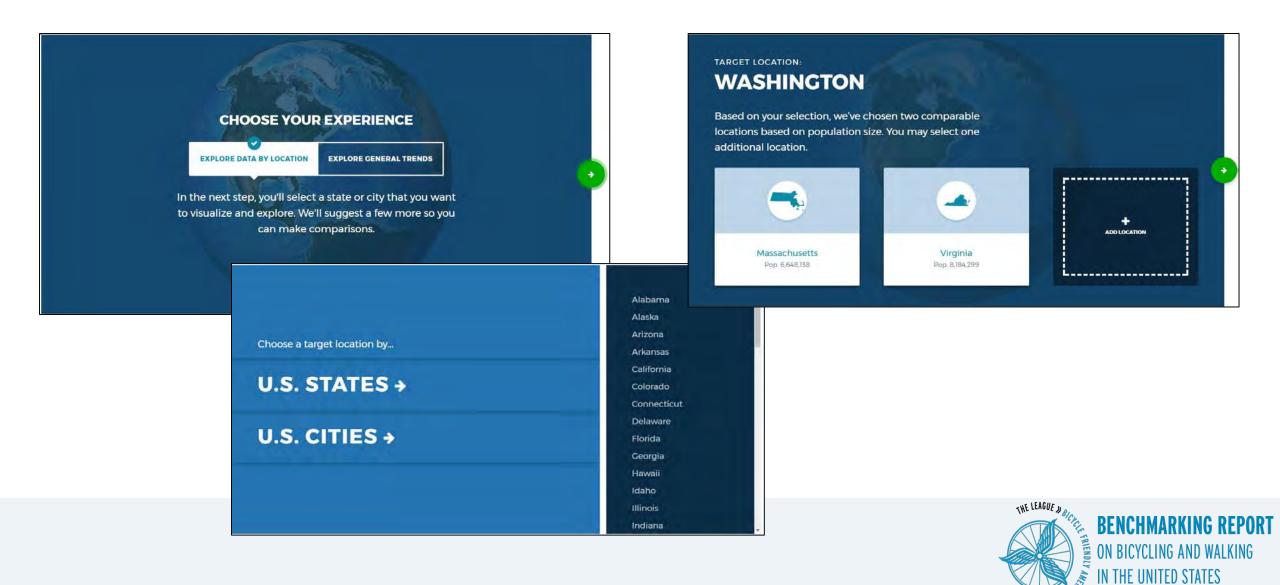
COMPARING CITIES» 50 largest cities + 18additional cities



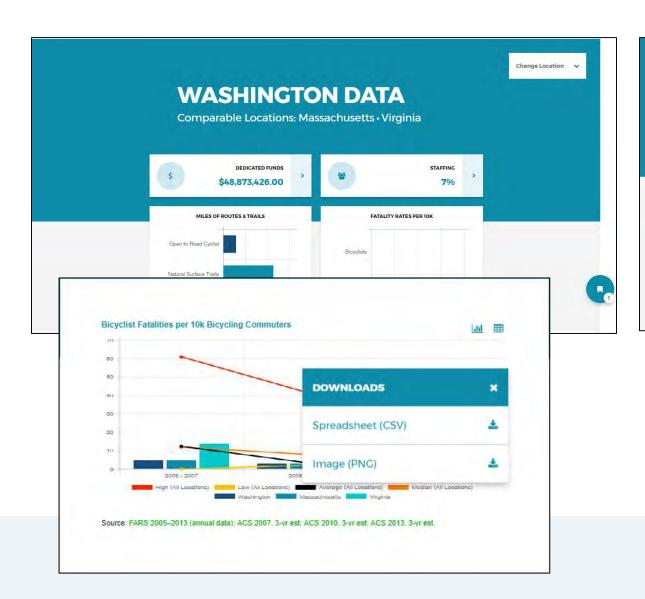




## COMPARING STATES OR COMMUNITIES



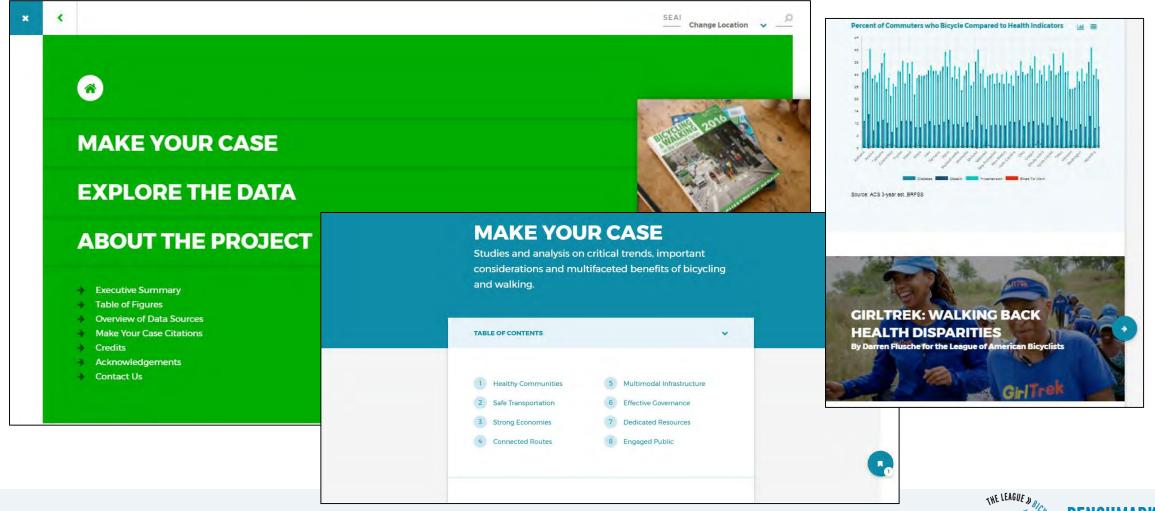
## **EXPLORING STATE OR COMMUNITY DATA**





IN THE UNITED STATES

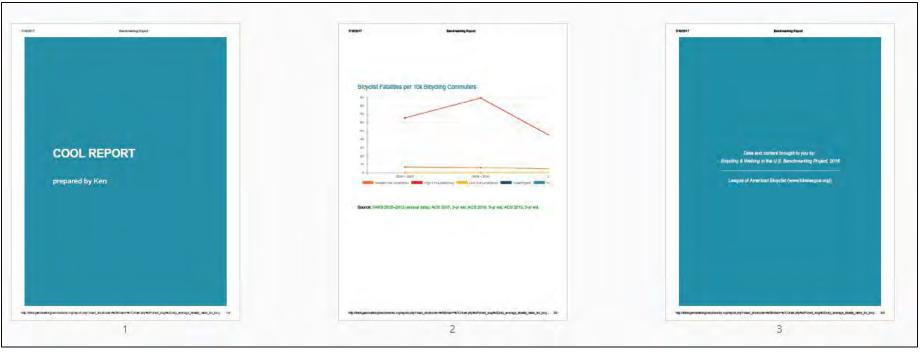
## MAKE YOUR CASE CHAPTERS





## **CREATING A REPORT**







### 2018 BENCHMARKING REPORT

# MORE MAKE YOUR CASE SECTIONS

- » 8 sections →10 sections
- » 60 tables and charts included in the Make Your Case Chapter

III-1: Healthy Communities

III-2: Safe Transportation

III-3: Strong Economies

III-4: Connected Routes

III-5: Infrastructure for Physical Activity

III-6: Effective Transportation Governance

III-7: Laws and Enforcement to Promote Biking and Walking

III-8: Funding and Financing Transportation

III-9: Engaged Public

III-10: Equity



## 2018 BENCHMARKING REPORT

4

Rates of Biking and Walking

Demographics of Active Transportation

Public Health Indicators

Bicvclist and Pedestrian Traffic Safety

Federal Funding and Planning for Bicycling and Walking

Nation

Demographics of Active

**Public Health Indicators** and Biking and Walking

Biking and Walking Road Safety

Plans and Policies

Traffic Laws and Training for Pedestrian and Bicyclist Safety

Development on Biking and Walking Issues

Funding for Biking and Walking

Infrastructure for People Biking and Walking

Context: Influences on Biking and Walking

Overview of Key Federal Benchmarks on Biking and Walking

Rates of Active Commuting

Transportation Commuters

Support for Employee

Context: Influences on biking and walking

Overview of Key Federal Benchmarks on Biking and Walking

Rates of Active Commuting

Demographics of active transportation commuters

Public Health Indicators and Biking and Walking

Biking and walking road safety

Safety in Numbers: Rates of Use and Rates of Fatalities in US Cities

Plans and Policies

Education and Events for Pedestrian and Bicyclist Safety

Staff and Community Support for Biking and Walking

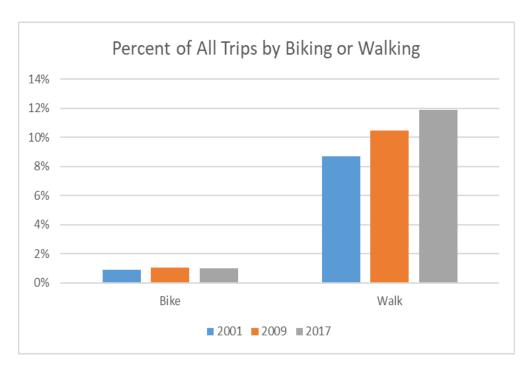
Funding for biking and Walking Infrastructure for People Biking and Walking

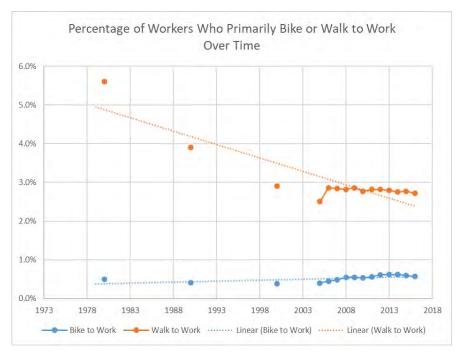
**MORE SHOW** YOUR DATA **SECTIONS** 

> » Over 100 tables and charts



## 2018 BENCHMARKING REPORT - EXAMPLES





	BIKE TRIPS (Million Daily Bicycling Trips per Year)	MINUTES CYCLED (billion minutes)	Distance Cycled (billion miles)	Walk TRIPS (Million Daily Walking Trips per Year)	MINUTES Walked (billion minutes)	Distance Walked (billion miles)
2017	3,789	78	8.5	44,900	621	33.7
2009	4,082	80	9.0	41,000	614	27.9



## 2018 BENCHMARKING REPORT - EXAMPLES

#### Show Your Data: States

2.6.2: Pedestrian Fatalities, as a Percent of All Traffic Fatalities and Per Capita

		alities as a % of fatalities	Percentage Change in Pedestrian Fatalities as a Percentage of of all Traffic Fatalities	Pedestrian Fatalities per 100,000 persons	
	Avg. 2007-1	Avg. 2012-1		2012-2016	
Alabama	7.3%	10.0%	36%	1.8	
Alaska	11.6%	15.4%	33%	1.4	
Arizona	15.8%	17.6%	11%		
Arkansas	7.0%	8.3%	19%	1.4	
California	19.48	22.1%	19%	-4.5	
Colorado	9.3%	12.6%	36%	1.7	
Connecticut	12.8%	16,7%	30%	1.3	
Delaware	16.86	24.0%	43%	3.0	
Florida	18.3%	21.25	16%		
Georgia	11.0%	14.3%	30%	1.3	
Hawa/ii	19.3%	23.9%	21%	1.8	
Idaho	5.2%	6.2%	19%	0.6	
Illinois	13.2%	13.8%	5%	1.1	
Indiana	7.4%	10.0%	35%	1.3	
lowa	5.3%	5,2%	17%	0.3	
Kansas	4.5%	7.2%	596	1.0	
Kentucky	6.6%	8.4%	27%	1.4	
Louisiana	12.0%	15.1%	26%	2.0	
Maine	7.0%	8.5%	22%	1.0	
Maryland	20.2%	20.75	3%	1.	
Massachusetts	17.56		23%	1.	
Michigan	13.3%	15.7%	18%	1.5	
Minnesota	8.2%	9.3%	13%	0.3	
Mississippi	7.3%	8.7%	19%		
Missouri	7.7%		31%		
Montana	5.7%	6.3%	11%	1.3	
Nebraska	3.5%	6.0%	70%	0.	
Nevada	15.7%			- 2-	
New Hampshire	7.0%	9.7%		0.1	
New Jersey	23.68	27.5%	17%		
New Mexico	10.9%	17.6%	619	3.0	
New York	24.2%	37.2%	12%	1.5	
North Carolina	11.7%	13.8%	18%	3.5	
North Dakota	5.2%	4.6%	-11%	0.1	
Ohio	8.8%		12%	0.9	
Oklahoma	7,0%	9.7%	38%	1.	
Oregon	12.7%	15.5%	22%	1.5	
Pennsylvania	10.5%	13.0%	24%	1.3	
Rhode (sland	18.2%	20.3%	11%	1.0	
South Carolina	11.1%	13.4%	20%	2.5	
South Dakota	5.8%	4.7%	-18%	0.3	
Tennessee	7.1%		23%		
Texas	12.2%		23%	-10	
Utah	10.7%		26%	1.3	
Vermont	5.1%	9.4%	255	0.9	
Virginia	9.4%		31%	1.	
Washington	12.4%		20%	1.0	
West Virginia	5.1%		-989	1.	
Wisconsin	8.4%	8.3%	-1%	0.1	
Wyoming	2.7%	4.1%	-Oil	0.5	
	4410				
Average	11%	13%	26%	1.5	

Sources: NHTSA FARS data and ACS 801003 Table 5-year estimate Highlighting: Red = 10 highest values, Green = 10 lowest values Average is a simple average, not population-weighted

#### Show Your Data: Cities

3.3.2a: Changes in Percentage of People Biking and Walking to Work, 2010-2016

Community	State	Penderdago of Commuters who wish to work 2015	Fernancings Change in Walting to Work 2010-2015	Percentage of Commutary who bike to work 2015	Persentage drange in bitang (a wark 2010	
Albuquercue	NM	2.0%	-4.6%	1.5%	17.0%	
Arlington	TX.	1.79	-8.6%		50.6%	
Atlanta	GA	4.6%	4.3%	0.8%	23.09	
Austin TX	TX.	2.3%	5.0%	1.4%	28.99	
Baltimore.	MD	6.7%	-1.8%	0.8%	40.3%	
Boston	MA	14.3%	-0.9%	2.1%	43.29	
Charlotte	NC.	2.2%	14.5%		63.0%	
Chicago	ii.	6.7%	14.4%	1.6%	47.09	
Cleveland	OH	5.3%	18.8%	0.7%	29.89	
Colorado Springs	co	1.3%	-01/04	0.6%	8.65	
Columbus OH	ОН	3.0%	2.7%	0.7%		
Dallas	TX.	1.9%	0.7%	0.2%	51.49	
Deriver	co	4.5%	7.8%	239	23.59	
Detroit	M	3.7%	72.5%	0.7%	142.18	
El Paso	TX	1.7%	-9.5%	026	54.7%	
Fort Worth	TX.	1.76	-3.9%	-0.2%	30.79	
Fresno	CA	1.99	-35.55	11%	42.0%	
Houston	TX.	2.1%	-4.7%	0.5%	37.09	
Indianapolis	IN	196	-5.5%	0.5%	45.65	
Jacksonville	FL	1 10	-2.7%	0.6%	30.25	
Kansas City	MO	2.1%	16%	0.3%	47.3%	
Las Vegas	NV	1.8%	-7.3%	0.4%	631	
Long Beach	CA	2.5%	110.00	1.0%	17.46	
Los Angeles	CA	3.5%	0.0%	1.2%	38.31	
Louisville	KY	2.3%	7.7%	0.4%	AL31	
Memphis	TN	19%	-9.7%	0.49	60.0%	
Mesa	AZ	1.9%	-7.6%	0.9%	QLU/S	
Miami	FL.	4.2%	18.9%	1.0%	10679	
Milwaukee	W	5.0%	4.1%	1.0%	33.29	
	MN	7.2%	7.7%	43%	35.25	
Minneapolis Nashville	TN	2.0%	10.3%	435	25.8%	
New York City	NY	20%	-1.3%	11%	71.25	
Cakland	CA	4.0%	-1.5%	314	59.69	
Oklahoma City	OK.	4.0%	6.0%	3,14	39.65	
		1.00	6,0%	0.24	12.5	
Omaha Philiadelphia	NE PA	2.3%	-1.9%	0.3%	74.45 28.25	
Phoenix AZ Portland DR	AZ	1.8%	-3.7% 30.9%	6.5%	13.45	
	OR		30.56%		19.79	
Rateigh	NC	1.8%	-25.8%	0.5%	33.37	
Sacramento	. CA	3.1%	+0.5%	2.1%	-1.89	
San Autorio	TX	176	-22.90	024	67.9%	
San Diego	CA	3.1%		1.0%	14.39	
San Francisco	CA	10.6%	8.3%	41%	39.31	
San Jose	CA	1.76	-11.0%	0.9%	21.29	
Seattle	WA	30.1%		3.8%	34.39	
Tucson	AZ.	3.3%	-12.9%	2.9%	33.99	
Tulsa	OK	170	13.8%	0.34	17.89	
Virginia Beach	VA	2.6%	14.9%	0.5%	9.11	
Washington DC	DC .	23.3%	11.8%	4.8%	90.19	
Wichita	KS.	1.01	5,3%	0.3%	30.9%	

Source: B08006 table from ACS using 5-year estimates, 2010 and 2016

Red = lowest rate or percentage change; Green = highest rate or percentage change

Pedestrian Fatalities, by Select Demographics

	Youth (under age 16)	Percentage in total population	Seniors (age 65 and older)	Percentage in total population	People of color or Hispanic/Latino	Percentage in
Alabama	(Under age 10) 8%	21%	13%	14%	47%	33%
Alaska	19%	23%	11%	9%	67%	37%
Arizona	5%	22%	16%	15%	62%	43%
Arizona Arkansas	7%	22%	12%	15%	33%	26%
California	0%	21%	74%	12%	61%	61%
Colorado	8%	21%	18%	12%	43%	31%
Connecticut	5%	19%	26%	15%	29%	30%
Delaware	5%	20%	13%	15%	25%	36%
Florida	5%	18%	20%	18%	43%	43%
Georgia	8%	22%	10%	11%	56%	45%
Hawaii	1%	20%	41%	15%	75%	77%
Idaho	13%	24%	26%	13%	15%	17%
Illinois	8%	21%	20%	13%	47%	37%
Indiana	11%	22%	18%	14%	25%	19%
lowa	12%	21%	25%	15%	13%	12%
Kansas	10%	22%	21%	14%	23%	23%
Kentucky	9%	21%	17%	14%	19%	14%
Kentucky Louisiana	8%	22%	8%	13%	94%	40%
Maine	6%	18%	33%	17%	4%	6%
Maryland	7%	20%	15%	13%	46%	46%
Massachusetts	4%	18%	33%	14%	23%	25%
Michigan	7%	20%	15%	15%	41%	24%
Minnesota	10%	21%	24%	14%	21%	18%
Minnesota Mississippi	7%	22%	12%	13%	51%	42%
Mississippi Missouri	8%	21%	14%	15%	28%	19%
Montana	6%	20%	21%	16%	27%	13%
Nebraska	10%	22%	20%	14%	25%	19%
Nevada	6%	21%	18%	13%	38%	47%
New Hampshire	10%	18%	38%	15%	7%	8%
New Jersey	5%	20%	24%	14%	44%	42%
New Mexico	5%	22%	12%	14%	71%	d0%
New York	6%	19%	31%	14%	30%	43%
North Carolina	8%	21%	11%	14%	43%	35%
North Dakota	10%	20%	17%	14%	41%	12%
Ohio	11%	20%	17%	15%	24%	19%
Oklahoma	8%	22%		14%	38%	32%
	6% 6%	20%	13%	15%	16%	22%
Oregon						
Pennsylvania	8% 5%	19%	29%	16%	24% 26%	21%
Rhode Island South Carolina	5%	18%	31% 12%	15%	47%	36%
	2% 4%		17%	15%		16%
South Dakota		22%	13%	14%	58% 32%	25%
Tennessee	7%					
Texas Utah	7% 15%	24%	13%	11%	83%	56% 20%
		28%	46%	16%	23%	
Vermont	0%	17%			0%	6%
Virginia	6%	20%	18%	13%	41%	36%
Washington West Virginia	7% 8%	20% 18%	25% 14%	13%	28%	29% 7%

TABLE KEY

Mightighted cells within the table denote a value that is higher than the percentage in the total consistion.

Sources: FARS 2005-2013 (annual data); ACS 2007, 3 yr est; ACS 2010, 3 yr est; ACS 2013, 3 yr est.

Note: CII Data for facilities, by one and ethnicity in 2013 were not available, therefore, by one and ethnicity in 2013 were not available, therefore, the percentages of podestrian facilities, who were people of color or trilipsatification asset the year. 2005 thought available of color or trilipsatification asset they are 2005 thought available premarial information in crash regular percental information in crash region and ethnicity draft are said ethnicity draft are said ethnicity draft and may not be categoried to some state theware light member of his thought of the facilities of the category has been included in the category has been included in





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